

#### SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT TWO 2020 SCIENCE PRIMARY FOUR BOOKLET A

Name:		.(	1	Class: Primary 4
Date:	28 October 2029	Tota	il Time f	or Booklets A and B: 1 h 45 min
Additio	nal Materials: Optical Asswer Sheet (OA	ls)		

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. Write your name, index number and class in the spaces provided,
- 2. Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so.
- 3. Follow all Instructions carefully.
- 4. Answer all questions.
- 5. Shade your answer on the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS) provided.

For each question from 1 to 28, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4) and shade your answer on the Optical Answer Sheet.

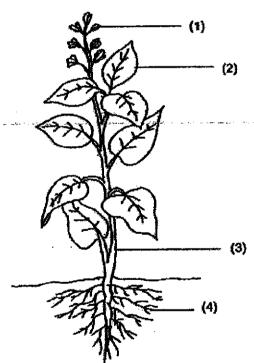
(56 marks)

1 A snall hides itself in its shell when touched.



This shows that the snall is a living thing because it \_\_\_\_\_\_

- (1) breathes
- (2) needs food
- (3) can respond
- (4) can reproduce
- 2 Which part, (1), (2), (3) or (4), holds the plant upright?

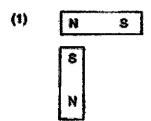


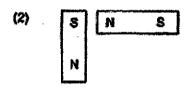
3	The arrows (→→) in the diagram show the direction of movement of a substance in plants.
	roots> stem> leaves
	What is this substance?
	(1) water
	(2) food
	(3) soit
	(4) air
4	Which animal has a pupa as a stage in its life cycle?
•	(1) frog
	(2) beetle
	(3) chicken
	(4) gresshopper
5	The diagram shows a pair of scissors.
	blades
	Metal is used to make the blades of the scissors because metal
	(1) is shiny
	(2) can block light
	(3) does not break easily
	(4) can bend without breaking

6	Which o	f the	following	substances	has a fixed shape	₽?
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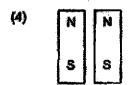
- (1) air
- (2) milk
- (3) oil
- (4) rock

## 7 In which of the following will the two magnets push each other away?





	The same of the same		-	
(3)	l Na	e l	M	8
	7.7	V 1	3 3 4	-



(2)

## 8 Which of the following is a source of light?





the moon

burning log

(3)

(1)



a leaf

(4)



a mirror

- 9 Which of the following is NOT a source of heat?
  - (1) The Sun
  - (2) A lighted bulb
  - (3) A candle flame
  - (4) A woollen sweater

- 10 Which one of the following is the best conductor of heat?
  - (1) A metal plate
  - (2) A paper plate
  - (3) A plastic plate
  - (4) A wooden plate
- 11 Jane made the following statements on the young of animal P.

Young of animal P:

- breathes using gills
- · does not look like the adult

Based on the observations, animal P is most likely to be a

- (1) frog
- (2) whale
- (3) beetle
- (4) butterfly
- 12 Al Mei recorded some information about the life cycle of a butterfly and a chicken.

es, ila el cipa	and the state of t	Butterfly	Chicken
A	Lays eggs in water	No	No
В	Has 4 stages in its life cycle	Yes	Yes
C	The young resembles the adult	No	Yes

Which of the following options shows the correct information about the two life cycles?

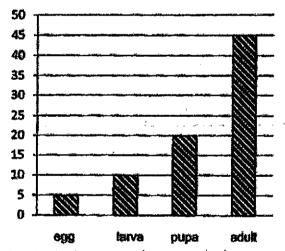
- (1) A only
- (2) A and C only
- (3) B and C only
- (4) A, B and C

- 13 Richard noticed that the number of caterpillars in his garden decreased after two weeks. He wrote down some reasons for this observation.
  - A The caterpillars have died,
  - B The caterpillars have laid eggs.
  - C The caterpillars have turned into pupae.
  - D The caterpillars have been eaten by other animals.

Which of the following are possible reasons to explain why the number of caterpillars decreased?

- (1) A and B only
- (2) B and C only
- (3) C and D only
- (4) A, C and D only
- 14 The bar graph shows the stages and the number of days that animal Z remains at each stage of its life cycle.

number of days



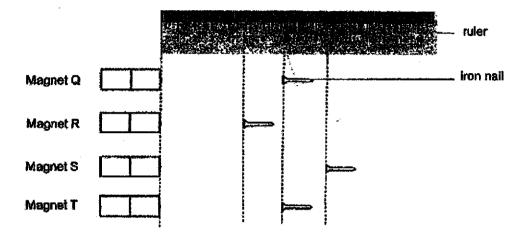
How many days does it take for animal Z to become an adult after hatching from its egg?

- (1) 10
- (2) 30
- (3) 35
- (4) 75

(Go on to the next page)

stage

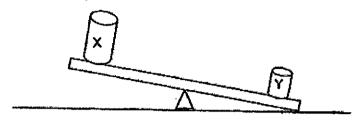
John wanted to find out the magnetic strength of four different magnets Q, R, S and T. He moved an iron nail slowly towards-magnet Q and measured the distance when the nail was just attracted by the magnet. He repeated this experiment with magnets R, S and T. The results are shown in the diagram.



Based on the above results, the magnetic strength of

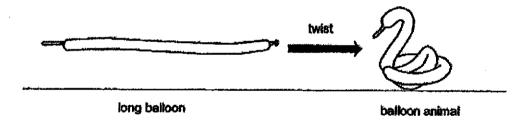
- (1) Magnet S is the greatest.
- (2) Magnets Q and R is the same.
- (3) Magnet Q is lesser than Magnet R.
- (4) Magnet T is greater than Magnet S.

16 Two objects X and Y are placed on a balance as shown.



Based on the diagram, which of the following statements is correct?

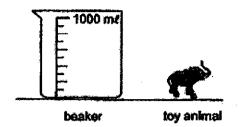
- (1) Object Y has less mass than object X.
- (2) Object Y has more mass than object X.
- (3) Object Y has a bigger volume than object X.
- (4) Objects X and Y are made of the same material.
- 17 George fills up a long balloon with air and twists it to form a 'balloon animal' as shown.



Which of the following statements best explains why he is able to twist the long balloon into a 'balloon animal'?

- (1) Air has mass.
- (2) Air occupies space.
- (3) Air does not have a definite shape.
- (4) Air does not have a definite volume.

18 Leels wanted to find the volume of her toy animal using the beaker shown.



The following are the steps that she took to find the volume of the toy animal.

- A Read the new volume of water.
- B Fill the beaker with 500 m/ of water.
- C Lower the toy animal gently into the beaker.
- D Calculate the difference between the old and new volume.

Which of the following shows the correct sequence of steps she took to find out the volume of the toy animal?

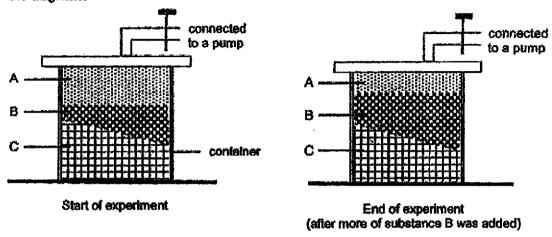
- (1) A. B, C and D
- (2) B, A, C and D
- (3) B, C, A and D
- (4) C, B, A and D
- 19 All recorded the properties of P, Q and R as shown.

المراجعة والمحادث يتسرد المعبد وست	Does it have mass and volume?	Does it have a definite shape?	Does it have a definite volume?	Can it be compressed?
P	No	No	No	No
Q	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
R	Yes	No	No	Yes

Besed on the table above, which of the following correctly identifies P. Q and R?

ſ	P	Q	R
(1)	Balloon	Pen	Sponge
(2)	Light	Pen	Air
(3)	Air	Milk	Pen
(4)	Heat	Pen	Milk

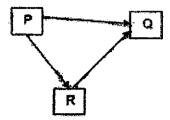
At the start of her experiment, Jane had a container that contains three substances A, B and C as shown. Then, she added more of substance B into the container using the one-way pump. The final levels of substances A, B and C at the end of the experiment are shown in the diagrams.



Based on the diagrams above, which of the following correctly identifies the state of substances A, B and C?

Γ	. A	B	С
(1)	Gas	Liquid	Solid
(2)	Liquid	Solid	Gas
(3)	Llquid	Ges	Solid
(4)	Gas	Solid	Liquid

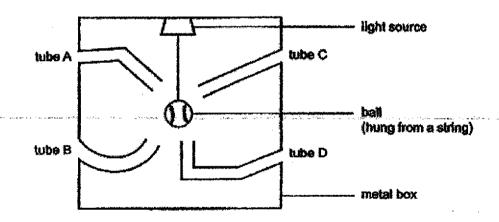
21 James is able to see an object in a brightly-lit room. The arrows (→→) in the diagram show the paths of light.



Which of the following identifies P, Q and R correctly?

	P	. 0	*
(1)	light source	James' eyes	ebject
(2)	James' eyes	light source	object
(3)	light source	Object	James' eyes
(4)	object	James' eyes	fight source

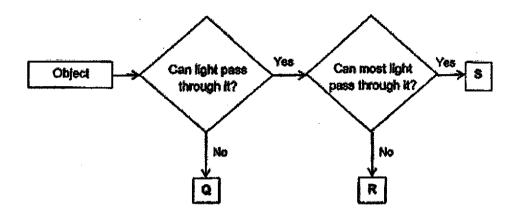
22 Edison placed a ball in the middle of a metal box with four hollow tubes and a light source as shown in the diagram.



Based on the diagram above, through which tube can he see the ball?

- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D

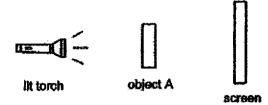
## 23 Study the flow chart carefully.



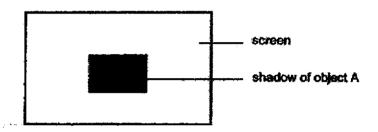
Based on the flow chart above, which of the following best represents objects  ${\tt Q}, {\tt R}$  and  ${\tt S}$ ?

ſ	Q	R	S
(1)	frosted glass	thick cardboard	clear plastic sheet
(2)	thick cardboard	frosted glass	clear plastic sheet
(3)	thick cardboard	clear plastic sheet	frosted glass
(4)	clear plastic sheet	frosted glass	thick cardboard

24 Colin carried out an experiment in a dark room using the set-up as shown.



When he switched on the torch, he saw the shedow of object A on the screen as shown in the diagram below.

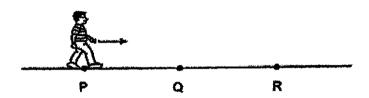


Based only on the observation above, which of the following statements is true?

- (1) Object A did not allow light to pass through.
- (2) Object A allowed most light to pass through.
- (3) The shadow changed shape when the screen was moved nearer to object A.
- (4) The shadow changed shape when the screen was moved further from object A.

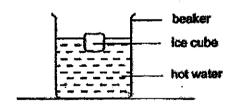
25 Edmund walked in a straight line from P to R as shown in the diagram. At Q, no was directly under the lamp. The distance between P and Q is the same as the distance between Q and R.





Based on the diagram above, which of the following statements is correct about the tength of Edmund's shadow?

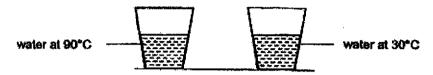
- (1) His shadow was the longest when he was at Q.
- (2) His shadow was the shortest when he was at Q.
- (3) As he walked from P to Q, his shadow became longer.
- (4) As he walked from Q to R, his shadow became shorter.
- 26 Andrew placed an ice cube into a beaker filled with hot water.



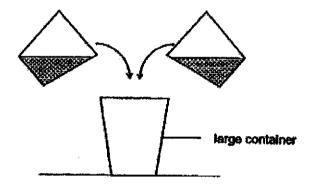
Which of the following statements is correct?

- (1) The ice cube lost heat to the water.
- (2) The water lost heat to the ice cube.
- (3) The ice cube did not gain or lose heat.
- (4) The water gained heat from the beaker.

27 Bala filled up two glasses with the same amount of water. The temperatures of water at the start of the experiment are as shown.



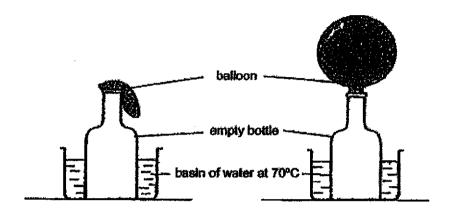
Bala then mixed all the water from both glasses into a large container. He immediately measured the temperature of water in the large container.



Based on the Information given above, the temperature of water in the targe container that was immediately measured by Bala was \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- (1) 90°C
- (2) higher than 90°C
- (3) between 0°C to 30°C
- (4) between 30°C to 90°C

28 Danny attached a balloon to an empty bottle. He then immersed the bottle in a basin of water at 70°C as shown.



At the start of the experiment

5 minutes into the experiment

After a while, the balloon was observed to have changed its shape.

Which of the following statements best explains this observation?

- (1) The balloon gained heat and expanded.
- (2) The empty bottle gained heat and expanded.
- (3) The air in the bottle gained heat and expanded.
- (4) The air in the balloon contracted and took up less space.

(Go on to Booklet B)



(Primary)

#### SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT TWO 2020 SCIENCE PRIMARY FOUR BOOKLET B

Name:(	Class: Primary 4	
Date: 28 October 2020	Total Time for Booklets A and B: 1 h 45 min	
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### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. Write your name, index number and class in the spaces provided.
- 2. Do not turn over this page until you are fold to do so.
- 3. Follow all instructions carefully.
- 4. Answer all questions.
- 5. Write your answers in this booklet.

BOOKLET	MAX MARKS	MARKS OBTAINED
. A	56	
8	44	
Total	100	

For questions 29 to 41, write your answers in this booklet.

The number of marks available is shown in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

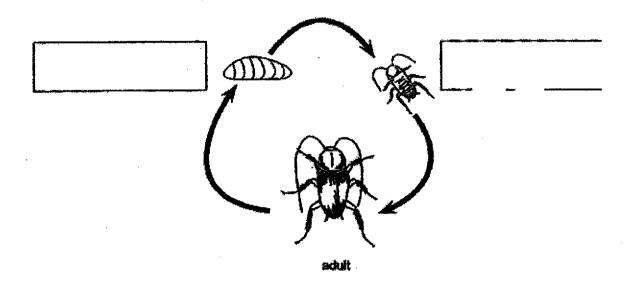
(44 marks)

# 29 Draw lines to match the following animals to the correct groups, [3] **Animals** Groups bird fish mammal amphibian The diagram shows part of the human digestive system. 30 (a) Tick one box to show where the gullet is. [1] (b) Fill in the blank using the following helping words. [1] large intestine stomach small Intestine mouth Food from the guillet is next passed on to the (Go on to the next page) Score

31 Andy placed two ring magnets, A and B, through a holder as shown below.

		holder	magnet 8	
	(a)	The holder was made of p	lastic and did not attract the magnets.	
		Plastic is a	material.	[1]
	(b)	Why was magnet A floating	g above magnet 8?	
		Magnet B was	magnet A.	[1]
32	Classif	y the following into matter an	d non-matter.	[3]
		honey si	nadow marble	
		matter	non-matter	

33 The diagram shows the life cycle of a cockroach.



(a) Label the two missing stages in the boxes provided above.

The table describes the life cycles of four animals, P, Q, R and S.

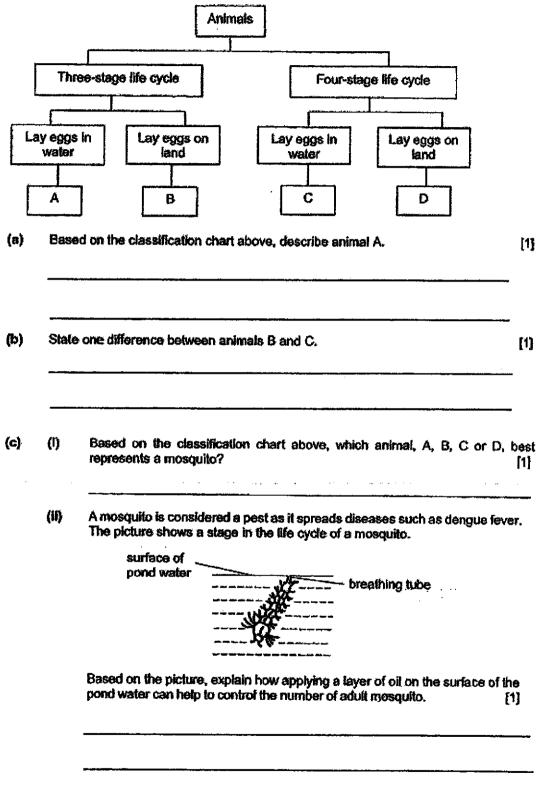
Description	Р	Q	R	\$
Young resembles the adult	×	1	7	~
Has three stages in its life cycle	×	7	×	4
Young goes through moulting		·	*	NE 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

(b)	Based on the table above, which animal, P, Q, R or S, best represents a cockroach? [1]
{c}	Based on the table above, state two similarities in the life cycles of animals R and S. [2]

(Go on to th	e next page)
Score	4

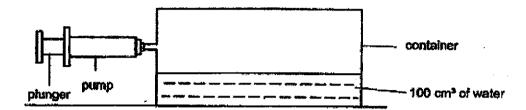
[1]

34 Study the classification chart carefully.



Score 4

35 Peter has a container with a capacity of 250 cm<sup>3</sup>. It has 100 cm<sup>3</sup> of water inside. He connected a pump to the container and pushed the plunger of the pump once. Each push pumps 50 cm<sup>3</sup> of air into the container.



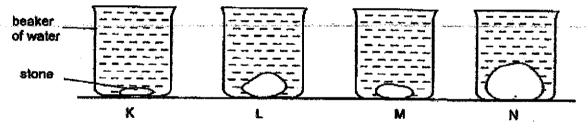
(a) In the table below, write down the volume of air in the container before and after air was pumped into the container. [2]

Volume of air in container before air was pumped (cm²)	Volume of air in container after air was pumped (cm²)

(b) What property of air is shown in this experiment?

[1]

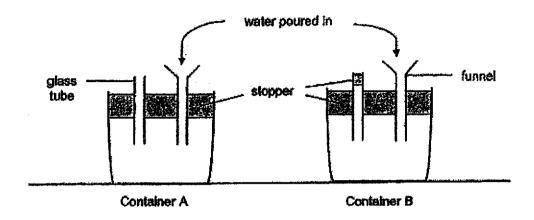
Next, Peter took four identical beakers, K. L. M and N. He placed four stones of a different volume into each beaker. Then, he filled each beaker to the brim with water as shown in the diagram.



(c) Which of the beakers, K, L, M or N is filled with the greatest amount of water?

[1]

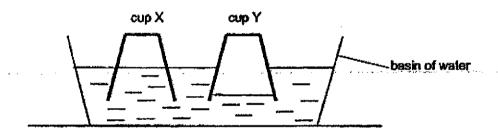
Jason conducted an experiment using two similar containers A and B, each fitted with a glass tube and a funnel. He put a stopper in the glass tube that was fitted into container B. Next, he poured water into each funnel.



(a) In which container, A or B, can water flow in faster?

[1]

Jason conducted another experiment with two identical plastic cups X and Y. He inverted both cups into a basin of water. One of the cups had a hole at the bottom white the other cup did not have any holes. The result of the experiment is as shown.



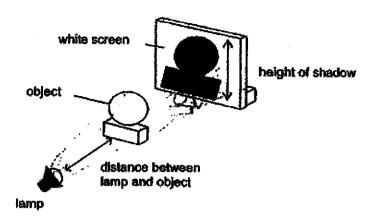
(b) Based on the diagram above, which cup, X or Y, had a hole at the bottom?

[1]

(c) Explain your answer in part (b).

[2]

37 Terry wanted to find out how the distance between the lamp and the object affects the height of the shadow formed on the screen. He set up an experiment as shown.



He recorded his results in the table below.

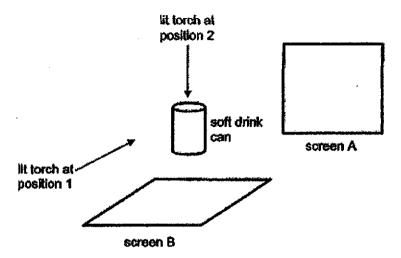
Distance between lamp and ebject (cm)	Height of shadow formed on the white screen (cm)
20	7
15	9
10	11
	13

(a)	Predict the height of the shadow formed on the white screen if the distance between the lamp and the object is 8 cm.
-----	--

	Ans:	CM Security of the Committee of th	. [1
(b)	Where sheight of	nould the object be placed so that the height of the shadow is the s the object?	ame as the
(c)	Based on	the results in the table above, what could Terry conclude?	, [1]
	<u> </u>		

(Go on to th	e next page)
Score	3

38 Devi shines a lit torch on a soft drink can from positions 1 and 2. As a result, shadows are formed on screens A and B.



(a) Name the shape of the shadow that Devi will see on screens A and B.
Fill in the blank using the following helping words.

triangle

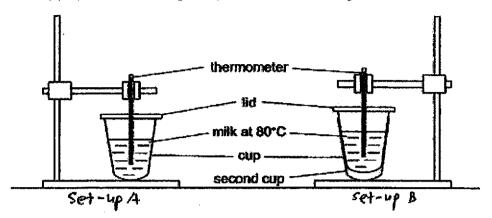
circle

Screen A:	[1]
Screen B:	[1]
Based on your answer in part (a), what does the position of light source on shadows formed	
Donného hour the size of the shadour will shade	e when the screen is moved closer to
the object,	[1]

rectangle

square

39 Jimmy prepared the following set-ups as shown in the diagram.

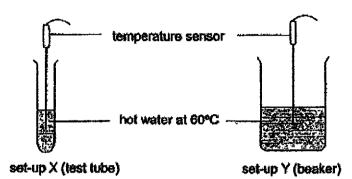


The temperature of the milk in each set-up is recorded at ten-minute intervals as shown in the table below.

			Time (r	ninute)		
	Ð	10	20	30	40	50
Temperature (*C) of milk in set-up A	80	60	40	25	25	25
Temperature (°C) of milk in set-up B	80	70	60	40	25	25

(a)	Which set-up, A or B, kept the milk warmer for a longer period of time?  Set-up	[1]
(b)	Explain how the set-up stated in part (a) helped keep the milk warmer?	[1]
masser at the l	Control of the Contro	
(c)	Explain why there was no difference in the temperature of milk between both from the 40th minute onwards.	set-ups [1]

40 Kieran carried out an experiment to investigate how fast heat is lost from a test tube and a beaker as shown. The test tube and beaker each contained a different amount of hot water at 60°C.

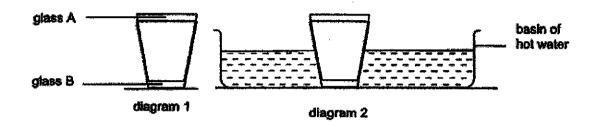


The temperature of water in the test tube and beaker was taken using a temperature sensor over a period of time. The table below shows the results.

		Ter	nperature	of water	(°C)	
set-up X (test tube)	60	45	33	29	28	28
set-up Y (beaker)	60	52	45	39	35	32

		results above el-up X comp		ie about how set-up Y? E	
noi	MOKO: 8106			 , _ +	
noi.	ALCOUR BI SE				
nor	ALDER BIOC		······································	 	 

41 Kelvin had two glasses that were tightly stuck as shown in diagram 1. He managed to separate them by dipping glass B into a basin of hot water as shown in diagram 2.

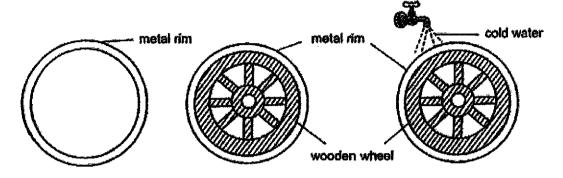




(b) State another method to separate the two glasses. [1]

A metal rim can be fitted tightly around a wooden wheel using the following steps as shown in the diagrams below.

Step 1: The metal rim is heated. Step 2: The heated metal rim is litted around the wooden wheel. Step 3: The metal rim is poured over by cold water.



(c) Based on Kelvin's experiment, explain how each of the following steps helped fit the metal rim tightly around the wooden wheel. [2]

The state of the s

**End of Paper** 

Score 2

SCHOOL: ANGLO - CHINESE SCHOOL

LEVEL : PRIMARY 4
SUBJECT : SCIENCE

TERM : 2020 SA2

# SECTION A

Q 1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
3	3	1	2	3	4	4	2	4	1

Q 11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20
1	2	4	2	1	2	3	3	2	1

Q 21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q25	Q26	Q27	Q28
1	3	2	1	2	2	4	3

## **SECTION B**

Q29)	Cat – mammal
	Bird - bird
	Fish – fish
Q30)	(a) First box
	(b) Stomach
Q31)	(a) Non – magnetic
	(b) Repelling
Q32)	Matter - Honey - Marble Non – matter
ı	- Shadow

Q33)	(a) First box: Egg
	Second box: Nymph
	(b) Animal Q
	(c) Both animal's young, resembles its adult and does not go
	through moulting.
Q34)	(a) Animal A has three – stage life cycle and it lays eggs in water
	(b) Animal B have a three – stage life cycle while Animal C have a
	four – stage life cycle
	(c) (i) Animal C
	(ii) Applying a layer of oil on the surface helps to block the
	breathing tubes of the adult mosquito, making it difficult to
	survive, hence fewer young will develop into adult mosquito.
Q35)	(a) 150, 150
-	(b) Air has no definite volume and it can help compressed.
	(c) Beaker K
Q36)	(a) Container A
	(b) Cup X
	(c) The water level in Cup X is the same as outside, showing that
İ	water flowed into the cup. Hence, there should be a hole at the
	bottom to of Cup X so that the air in the cup could escape,
	allowing the water that occupied space to displace it.
Q37)	(a) 12
	(b) The object should be placed just before the screen.
	(c) As the distance between the lamp and object increases, the
j	height of shadow formed on the screen decreases.
Q38)	(a) Rectangle, circle
	(b) The different positions of light source affect the shape of the
	object formed on the screen.
1	(c) The size of the shadow would be smaller.
	(d) The object is blocking a smaller area of light.
Q39)	(a) B
	(b) Air is a bad of conductor of heat, the air space between first cup
1	and second cup of B will cause heat to conducted out slower.
<del></del>	

	(c) The temperature of the milk at 40 <sup>th</sup> minute is 25°C and it is the
	room temperature. Therefore, it would not lose of gain heat from
	the surroundings.
Q40)	(a) The amount of water.
	(b) The hot water in X lost heat faster than the water in Y. As the
	volume of water in X is lesser than Y, the heat lost of X will be
	faster.
Q41)	(a) The air in glass B gained heat from the basin of hot water,
	expanded, and become bigger. Hence, the gap between the two
	cups increased, causing it to be able to separate easily.
	(b) Put ice cubes in glass A.
	(c) (i) the metal rim gained heat from the heat source, expanded,
	and become bigger causing it to be able to fit around the
	wooden wheel
	(ii) the metal rim lost heat to the cold water, contracted, and
	become smaller. Hence, the gap between it and the wooden
	wheel become smaller, causing them to be fitted tightly.